

According to UK REACH (S.I. 2019/758)

# Lotoxane XF

Date of compilation: 19/01/2023 Revised: 23/08/2024 Version: 2 (Replaced 1)

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

**1.1 Product identifier:** Lotoxane XF

A416

Other means of identification:

B2075

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Relevant uses: Industrial cleaning solvent

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

Arrow Solutions Rawdon Road, Moira,

DE12 6DA, Swadlincote - Derbyshire - United Kingdom

Phone: 01283 221044 sales@arrowchem.com www.arrowchem.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number: For 24/7 multilingual advice for spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident Call CHEMTREC at +44 20 3885 0382 /

+44 20 3807 3798 and provide CCN 1018674; NPIS: 0844 892 0111 (healthcare professionals only) or NHS

111.

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

## GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567).

Aerosol 1: Pressurised container: May burst if heated., H229

Aerosol 1: Flammable aerosols, Category 1, H222

Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 3, H412 STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336

2.2 Label elements:

## GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):

#### Danger





#### **Hazard statements:**

Aerosol 1: H229 - Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

Aerosol 1: H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.

Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### **Precautionary statements:**

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211: Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261: Avoid breathing spray

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P410+P412: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F.

 $P501: Dispose \ of \ the \ contents/containers \ in \ accordance \ with \ the \ current \ legislation \ on \ waste \ treatment$ 

#### Supplementary information:

EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Substances that contribute to the classification

 $Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <2\% \ aromatics$ 

2.3 Other hazards:



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## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (continued)

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

# SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substance:

Non-applicable

#### 3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: Aerosol

#### Components:

In accordance with Annex II of The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020, the product contains:

	Identification Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
	Non-applicable	Hydrocarbons, C9-C10,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	75 4100.9/
CAS:		Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	75 - <100 %
CAS:	124-38-9	Carbon dioxide	3 - <10 %
		Press. Gas: H280 - Warning	
CAS:	34590-94-8	Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	1 - <3 %

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

#### By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply,etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

## By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

#### By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

# By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Not relevant

# **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media:

#### Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)

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## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES (continued)

## Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...).

#### Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

# **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

#### For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

#### For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

## A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

#### B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Avoid the evaporation of the product as it contains flammable substances, which could form flammable vapour/air mixtures in the presence of sources of ignition. Control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and transfer at slow speeds to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

## C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

# D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:



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# SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

A.- Specific storage requirements

Minimum Temp.: 4 °C
Maximum Temp.: 40 °C

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be assessed in the workplace:

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits, fourth edition, published 2020:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
Carbon dioxide	WEL (8h)	5000 ppm	9150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 124-38-9	WEL (15 min)	15000 ppm	27400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether (1)	WEL (8h)	50 ppm	308 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 34590-94-8	WEL (15 min)		

<sup>(1)</sup> Skin

#### **DNEL (Workers):**

		Short exposure		Long exposure	
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: Non-applicable	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	77 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 927-241-2	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	871 mg/m³	Not relevant
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 34590-94-8	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	283 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 252-104-2	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	308 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant

## **DNEL** (General population):

		Short exposure		Long exposure	
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	46 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: Non-applicable	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	46 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 927-241-2	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	185 mg/m³	Not relevant
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	36 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 34590-94-8	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	121 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 252-104-2	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	37.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant

# PNEC:

Identification				
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	STP	4168 mg/L	Fresh water	19 mg/L
CAS: 34590-94-8	Soil	2.74 mg/kg	Marine water	1.9 mg/L
EC: 252-104-2	Intermittent	190 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	70.2 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	7.02 mg/kg

## 8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment



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# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protective Equipment, with the corresponding <<UKCA marking>> or <<CE marking>>. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

## B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases, vapours and particles (Filter type: A2, FFP1)	Replace when an increase in resistence to breathing is observed and/or a smell or taste of the contaminant is detected.

#### C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory hand protection	Protective gloves against minor risks (Material: Nitrile, Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.062 mm, Conditions of use: Splashing)	Replace gloves in case of any sign of damage. For prolonged periods of exposure to the product for professional users/industrials, we recommend using CE III gloves in line with standards EN ISO 21420:2020 and EN ISO 374-1:2016+A1:2018

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

#### D.- Eye and face protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory face protection	Panoramic glasses against splash/projections.	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

# E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
	Work clothing	Replace before any evidence of deterioration. For periods of prolonged exposure to the product for professional/industrial users CE III is recommended, in accordance with the regulations in EN ISO 6529:2013, EN ISO 6530:2005, EN ISO 13688:2013, EN 464:1994.
Mandatory complete body protection	Antistatic and fireproof protective clothing	Limited protection against flames.
Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear with antistatic and heat resistant properties	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

## F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
•	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	<b>-</b>	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011
Emergency shower		Eyewash stations	

## **Environmental exposure controls:**

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

The Volatile Organic Compounds in Paints, Varnishes and Vehicle Refinishing Products Regulations 2012:

V.O.C. (Supply): 97 % weight

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# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

V.O.C. density at 20 °C: 755 kg/m³ (755 g/L)

Threshold limit Maximum VOC content limit values for vehicle refinishing products - Preparatory and cleaning - Preparatory: 850 g/L

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properti
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Appearance:

Physical state at 20 ºC:

Appearance:

Colour:

Colour:

Odour:

Hydrocarbon

Odour threshold:

Not relevant \*

Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:

Vapour pressure at 20 °C:

Not relevant \*

Vapour pressure at 50 °C:

Evaporation rate at 20 °C:

Not relevant \*

**Product description:** 

Density at 20 ºC: Not relevant \* Relative density at 20 ºC: Not relevant \* Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C: Not relevant \* Kinematic viscosity at 20 ºC: Not relevant \* Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C: Not relevant \* Concentration: Not relevant \* pH: Not relevant \* Vapour density at 20 ºC: Not relevant \* Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 ºC: Not relevant \* Solubility in water at 20 °C: Not relevant \* Solubility properties: Insoluble in water Decomposition temperature: Not relevant \* Melting point/freezing point: Not relevant \*

Recipient pressure: 599951 - 699943 Pa (6 - 7 bar)

Flammability:

Flash Point: <60 °C (Propellant)
Flammability (solid, gas):
Autoignition temperature:

Lower flammability limit:

Upper flammability limit:

Not relevant \*

Not relevant \*

Particle characteristics:

Median equivalent diameter: Non-applicable

9.2 Other information:

Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Explosive properties: Not relevant \*

Oxidising properties: Not relevant \*

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Corrosive to metals:

Heat of combustion:

Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable

Not relevant \*

Not relevant \*

components:

Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension at 20 °C: Not relevant \*
Refraction index: Not relevant \*

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Contains glycols. It is recommended not to breathe the vapours for prolonged periods of time due to the possibility of effects that are hazardous to the health .

# Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

#### A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for consumption. For more information see section 3
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- B- Inhalation (acute effect):
  - Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
  - Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):



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# SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

- Contact with the skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for skin contact. For more information see section 3.
- Contact with the eyes: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
  - Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
  - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
  - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
  - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
  - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Skin: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking
- H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

# Other information:

Not relevant

### Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	,	Acute toxicity	
Carbon dioxide	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
CAS: 124-38-9	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
CAS: Non-applicable	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 34590-94-8	LD50 dermal	9510 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.1 Toxicity:

## Acute toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics		>10 - 100 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
CAS: Non-applicable		>10 - 100 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean
	EC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (72 h)		Algae



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## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	LC50	10000 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 34590-94-8	EC50	1919 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	Not relevant		

#### **Chronic toxicity:**

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether		Not relevant		
CAS: 34590-94-8		0.5 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

#### **Substance-specific information:**

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	Not relevant
CAS: 34590-94-8	COD	0 g O2/g	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	73 %

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

## Substance-specific information:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential		
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	BCF	1	
CAS: 34590-94-8	Pow Log	-0.06	
	Potential	Low	

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Carbon dioxide	Кос	Not relevant	Henry	Not relevant
CAS: 124-38-9	Conclusion	Not relevant	Dry soil	Not relevant
	Surface tension	5.7E-4 N/m (25 ºC)	Moist soil	Not relevant

Insoluble in water

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

## 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class
16 05 04* gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances		Hazardous

## Type of waste:

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP3 Flammable, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity

# Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance The Waste (England & Wales) Regulations 2011, 2011 No. 988. As under 15 01 of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-hazardous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See paragraph 6.2.

## Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of UK REACH the provisions related to waste management are stated:

UK legislation: The Waste (England & Wales) Regulations 2011.

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

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Not relevant

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# SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)

## Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2023 and RID 2023:



14.1 UN number: UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name: AEROSOLS
14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 2

 14.4
 Packing group:
 N/A

 14.5
 Environmental hazards:
 No

14.6 Special precautions for user

Tunnel restriction code: D

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
Limited quantities: 1 L

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC

Code:

## Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 41-22:



14.1UN number:UN195014.2UN proper shipping name:AEROSOLS14.3Transport hazard class(es):2Labels:2.1

 14.4
 Packing group:
 N/A

 14.5
 Marine pollutant:
 No

14.6 Special precautions for user

Special regulations: 63, 959, 190, 277, 327, 344

EmS Codes:F-D, S-UPhysico-Chemical properties:see section 9Limited quantities:1 L

Segregation group: Not relevant

14.7 Transport in bulk according to
Annex II of Marpol and the IBC

Code:

## Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2024:



 14.1
 UN number:
 UN1950

 14.2
 UN proper shipping name:
 AEROSOLS

 14.3
 Transport hazard class(es):
 2

 Labels:
 2.1

 14.4
 Packing group:
 N/A

14.4 Packing group: N//
14.5 Environmental hazards: No

14.6 Special precautions for user

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC

Code:

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

- Substances listed in UK candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHCs): Not relevant
- Substances listed in UK REACH Authorisation List (Annex 14): Not relevant

#### The Detergents (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations:

In accordance with this regulation the product complies with the following:

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According to UK REACH (S.I. 2019/758)

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# SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

## Labelling for contents:

Component	Concentration interval
Aliphatic hydrocarbons	% (w/w) >= 30

#### Restrictions to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII UK REACH, etc ....):

#### Shall not be used in:

- —ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- -tricks and jokes,
- —games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

#### Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

#### Other legislation:

The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended)

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009

The Product Safety and Metrology etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019: SCHEDULE 13 -Amendment of the Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009

The Product Safety and Metrology etc. (Amendment etc.) (UK(NI) Indication) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

## Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

## Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H229: Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H222: Extremely flammable aerosol.

## Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

## GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):

 $\label{eq:Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.}$ 

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Press. Gas: H280 - Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated.

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Classification procedure:

STOT SE 3: Calculation method

Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method

Aerosol 1: Calculation method

Aerosol 1: Calculation method

#### Advice related to training:

Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

## Principal bibliographical sources:

http://echa.europa.eu

http://eur-lex.europa.eu

# Abbreviations and acronyms:



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# SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor LD50: Lethal Dose 50 LC50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50

LogPOW: Octanolwater partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

UFI: unique formula identifier

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at UK, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information or this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

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- END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET -

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